Honeywell



Thin Film Platinum RTDs

The HEL-700 Series Thin Film Platinum RTDs (Resistance Temperature Detectors) are designed to monitor or control critical temperatures in industrial applications. They provide a linear change in resistance versus temperature, combining high linearity, stability, accuracy, and wide temperature range in a small, fast-response package.

The HEL-700 Series is designed to measure temperatures from -75 °C to 540 °C [-100 °F to 1000 °F] with high accuracy. These fully-assembled elements are ready-to-use in probe assemblies, without the need for fragile splices to extension leads.

These products are manufactured using a thin layer of platinum deposited on an alumina substrate and are laser trimmed to a resistance interchangeability of a standard $\pm 0.2\%$ (± 0.5 °C accuracy) or optional $\pm 0.1\%$ (± 0.3 °C accuracy). The sensor chip is then glassed, wired and potted or ceramic fired to result in a cylindrical alumina package with either TFE Teflon®- or fiberglass-insulated lead wires.

Key Features

- Wide temperature range
- Interchangeable
- Accurate
- Linear resistance vs temperature
- Fast response
- Laser trimmed
- Ceramic case material
- TFE Teflon® or fiberglass leadwires
- Multiple small sizes
- Ready-to-use, fully assembled elements

Potential Applications

Temperature sensing for monitoring, compensation and regulation in:

INDUSTRIAL

- HVAC equipment
- Instrument and probe assemblies
- Process control
- Motor windings and bearings
- Battery packs
- Environmental chambers
- Ovens and kilns
- Drill holes in large objects

MEDICAL

Autoclaves

AEROSPACE/DEFENSE

- Aircraft
- Space vehicles

Table 1. Specifications

Characteristic	Condition	Parameter		
Alpha: $R_0 = 1000 \Omega$ $R_0 = 100 \Omega$	0°C	0.00375 Ω/Ω/°C 0.00385 Ω/Ω/°C		
Temperature range: TFE Teflon fiberglass	_	-70 °C to 260 °C [-94 °F to 500 °F] -75 °C to 540 °C [-100 °F to 1000 °F]		
Temperature accuracy: $R_0 \pm 0.2\%$ trim (standard) $R_0 \pm 0.1\%$ trim (optional)	_	±0.5°C or 0.8% of temperature, whichever is greater ±0.3°C or 0.6% of temperature, whichever is greater		
Base resistance and interchangeability, $R_0 \pm \Delta R_0$: $R_0 \pm 0.2\%$ trim (standard) $R_0 \pm 0.1\%$ trim (optional)	0 °C	1000 Ω ±2 Ω 1000 Ω ±1 Ω		
Linearity: -40 °C to 125 °C -75 °C to 540 °C	_	±0.1% of full scale ±2.0% of full scale		
Time constant	water at 3 ft/s still water	<0.5 s for 0.086 in O.D. <1.0 s for 0.086 in O.D.		
Operating current	_	2 mA max. minimal self heating errors of 1 °C; 1 mA recommended		
Stability	occupied environments	<0.25 °C /year; 0.05 °C /5 years		
Self heating	_	<15 mW/°C typ. for 0.086 in O.D.		
Insulation resistance	50 Vdc at 25 °C	>50 MΩ		
Construction/material: case Teflon®-insulated leads fiberglass-insulated leads	_	high purity alumina nickel-coated stranded copper, epoxy potting nickel-coated stranded copper, ceramic potting		

Table 2. Constant Values ($\beta = 0$ and C = 0 for T > 0 °C)

Constant	1000 Ω	100 Ω	Functional Behavior
Alpha α (°C ⁻¹)	0.00375 ±0.000029	0.003850 ±0.000010	$R_T = R_0(1 + AT + BT^2 - 100CT^3 + CT^4)$
Delta δ (°C)	1.605 ±0.009	1.4999 ±0.007	,
Beta β (°C)	0.16	0.10863	Where: $R_T = \text{Resistance } (\Omega) \text{ at temperature T } (^{\circ}\text{C})$
A (°C-1)	3.81 x 10 ⁻³	3.908 x 10 ⁻³	$R_0 = \text{Resistance } (\Omega) \text{ at } 0 ^{\circ}\text{C}$
B (°C-2)	-6.02 x 10 ⁻⁷	-5.775 x 10 ⁻⁷	T = Temperature (°C) $A = \alpha + \alpha \delta B = -\alpha \delta C_{Te0} = -\alpha \beta$
C (°C-4)	-6.0 x 10 ⁻¹²	-4.183 x 10 ⁻¹²	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

CAUTION PRODUCT DAMAGE

Ensure proper ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) precautions are followed when handling this product.

Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.

Table 3. Accuracy vs Temperature

	Tolerance			
Temperature (°C)	Standard Trim (±0.2%)		Optional Trim (±0.1%)	
	±ΔR¹ (Ω)	±ΔT (°C)	±ΔR¹ (Ω)	±ΔT (°C)
-100	2.9	0.8	2.4	0.6
0	2.0	0.5	1.0	0.3
100	2.9	0.8	2.2	0.6
200	5.6	1.6	4.3	1.2
300	8.2	2.4	6.2	1.8
400	11.0	3.2	8.3	2.5
500	12.5	4.0	9.6	3.0
600	15.1	4.8	10.4	3.3

 $^{^{1}}$ 1000 Ω RTD. Divide Δ by 10 for 100 Ω RTD.

Table 4. NIST Calibration

Temperature	Standard Temperature Point (±ΔT (°C))			
(°C)	1	2	3	
-100	0.5	0.27	0.15	
0	0.03	0.03	0.03	
100	0.4	0.11	0.07	
200	0.8	0.02	0.08	
300	1.2	0.33	6.2	
400	1.6	0.5	8.3	
500	2.0	0.8	9.6	
600	2.6	1.2	10.4	

¹NIST-traceable calibration provides resistance readings at 1, 2 or 3 standard temperature points to yield a resistance versus temperature curve with 10x better accuracy.

Figure 1. Resistance vs Temperature

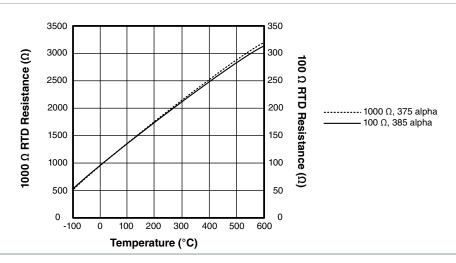


Figure 2. Nomenclature and Ordering Guide

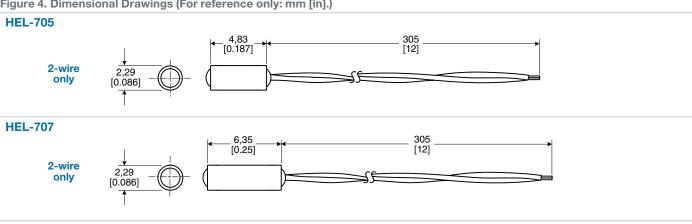
For example, a **HEL-705-U-0-12-C1** part number defines an HEL-700 Series Thin Film RTD with two, 28 gauge TFE Teflon® insulted leadwires, an alpha of 1000Ω : $0.00375 \Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}C$, a standard $\pm 0.2\%$ trim resistance, 12 inch leadwires, and a NIST calibration report at 0 °C.

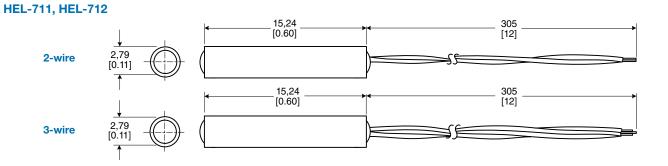
HEL-	705-	U-	0-	12-	C1
Product Series	Leadwire Insulation Material, Gauge and Number	Resistance and Alpha	Resistance Trim	Leadwire Length	NIST Calibration Report
HEL-700 Series Thin Film	705 TFE Teflon [®] , 28 gauge; 1000 Ω: 2-wire, 100 Ω: 2-wire	U 1000 Ω: 0.00375 Ω/Ω/°C	O Standard: ±0.2%	12 12 inches	00 none
Platinum RTDs ·	707 fiberglass, 28 gauge; 1000 Ω: 2-wire, 100 Ω: 2-wire	100 Ω: 0.00385 Ω/Ω/°C (DIN Standard)	1 Optional: ±0.1%		C1 at 0 °C
	711 TFE Teflon [®] , 28 gauge; 1000 Ω: 2-wire, 100 Ω: 3-wire				C2 at 0 °C and 100 °C
	712 fiberglass, 28 gauge; 1000 Ω: 2-wire, 100 Ω: 3-wire				C3 at 0 °C, 100 °C and 260 °C
	716 TFE Teflon®, 24 gauge; 1000 Ω: 2-wire, 100 Ω: 3-wire				
	717 fiberglass, 24 gauge; 1000 Ω: 2-wire, 100 Ω: 3-wire				

Figure 3. All Available Standard Configurations

	Teflon®-Insulated Leadwires		Fiberglass-Insulated Leadwires
HEL-705		HEL-707	
2-wire only		2-wire only	
HEL-711		HEL-712	
2-wire		2-wire	
3-wire		3-wire	
HEL-716		HEL-717	
2-wire		2-wire	
3-wire		3-wire	

Figure 4. Dimensional Drawings (For reference only: mm [in].)





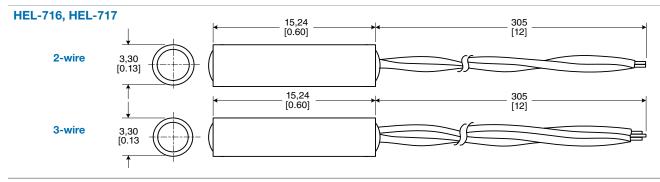
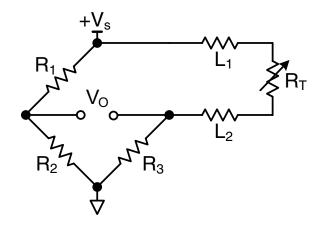
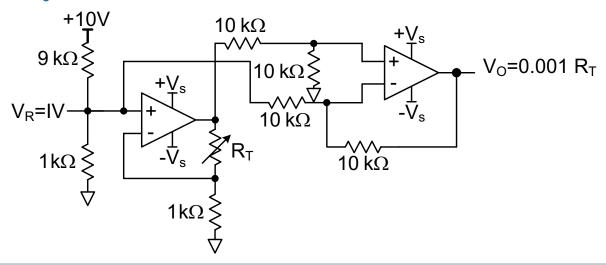


Figure 5. Circuits

Wheatstone Bridge 2-Wire Interface



Linear Output Voltage



Adjustable Point (Comparator) Interface

