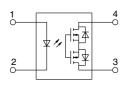
Panasonic



Miniature SOP4-pin type with current limiting

PhotoMOS[®]
GU SOP 1 Form A
Current Limiting (AQY210LS)

4.3 4.4 .169 173 .2.1 .083 mm inch



RoHS compliant

FEATURES

1. Current limiting function

To control an over current from flowing, the current limit function has been realized. It keeps an output current at a constant value when the current reaches a specified current limit value.

2. Enhances the capability of surge resistance between output terminals

The current limit function controls the ON time surge current to enhance the capability of surge resistance between output terminals.

3. Small SOP4-Pin package

The device comes in a super-miniature SO package 4-Pin type measuring (W)

4.3×(L) 4.4×(H) 2.1 mm (W) .169×(L) .173×(H) .083 inch

- 4. Controls low-level analog signals
- 5. Low-level off state leakage current

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Telephone equipment
- Modem
- Measuring equipment

TYPES

	Output rating*				Part No.	Packing quantity		
	Load voltage	Load current	Package	Tube packing style	Tape and reel packing style			
					Picked from the 1/2-pin side	Picked from the 3/4-pin side	Tube	Tape and reel
AC/DC dual use	350V	120mA	SOP4-pin	AQY210LS	AQY210LSX	AQY210LSZ	1 tube contains: 100 pcs. 1 batch contains: 2,000 pcs.	1,000 pcs.

^{*} Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, only "210L" is marked on the product. The three initial letters of the part number "AQY", the surface mount terminal shape indicator "S" and the packing style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the device.

RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

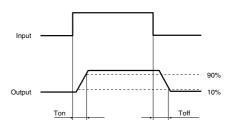
Item		Symbol	AQY210LS	Remarks	
	LED forward current		lF	50 mA	
	LED reverse voltage		VR	5 V	
	Peak forward current		IFP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation		Pin	75 mW	
	Load voltage (peak AC)		VL	350 V	
Output	Continuous load current		I∟	0.12 A	Peak AC, DC
	Power dissipation		Pout	400 mW	
Total pow	Total power dissipation		Рт	450 mW	
I/O isolati	I/O isolation voltage		Viso	1,500 Vrms	
Ambient temperate		Operating	Topr	-40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F	(Non-icing at low temperatures)
	ure	Storage	Tstg	-40 to +100°C −40 to +212°F	

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2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item				AQY210LS	Condition	
Input	LED operate current	Typical	Fon	1.2 mA	IL = Max.	
	LED operate current	Maximum	I Fon	3 mA	IL = IVIAX.	
	LED turn off current	Minimum	Foff	0.4 mA	IL = Max.	
	LED turn on current	Typical	IF-off	1.1 mA	IL = IVIAX.	
	LED dropout voltage	Minimum	VF	1.25 (1.14 V at I _F = 5 mA)	I _F = 50 mA	
	LED dropout voltage	Typical	V F	1.5 V	IF = 50 IIIA	
	On resistance	Typical	- Ron	20Ω	I _F = 5 mA	
.	On resistance	Maximum	H ion	25Ω	I∟ = Max. Within 1 s	
Output	Off state leakage current	Maximum	I _{Leak}	1μΑ	I _F = 0 V _L = Max.	
	Current limit	Typical	_	0.18 A	I _F = 5 mA	
	Turn on time*	Typical Ton		0.5 ms	I _F = 5 mA	
	Turri on time	Maximum	Ion	2.0 ms	I∟ = Max.	
- .	Turn off time*	Typical	- T _{off}	0.08 ms	I _F = 5 mA	
Transfer characteristics	Turri on time	Maximum	loff	1.0 ms	I∟ = Max.	
Characteristics	I/O conscitores	Typical	_	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz	
	I/O capacitance	Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF	V _B = 0 V	
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC	

*Turn on/Turn off time



3. Recommended operating conditions (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Please use under recommended operating conditions to obtain expected characteristics.

It	em	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
LED	lF	5	30	mA	
AQY210LS	Load voltage (Peak AC)	V∟	_	280	V
AQ1210L5	Continuous load current	l _L	_	0.12	Α

■ These products are not designed for automotive use.

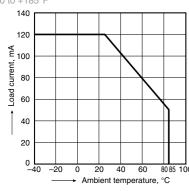
If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

REFERENCE DATA

1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

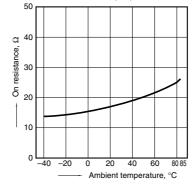
Allowable ambient temperature:

-40 to +85°C



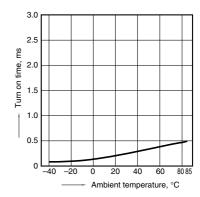
2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC) Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



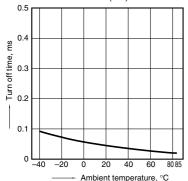
3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

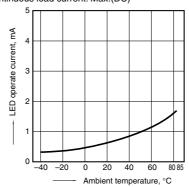


4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

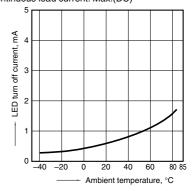


5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

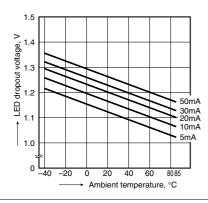


6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

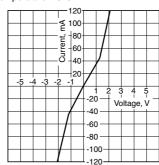


7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA



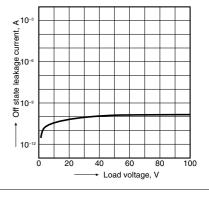
8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



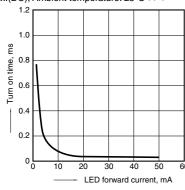
Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature: $25^{\circ}C$ $77^{\circ}F$



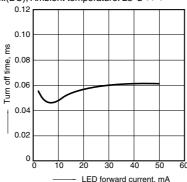
10. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



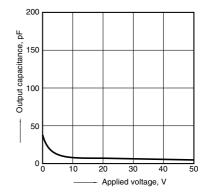
11. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



What is current limit

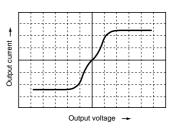
When a load current reaches the specified output control current, a current limit function works against the load current to keep the current a constant value.

The current limit circuit built into the PhotoMOS thus controls the instantaneous load current to effectively ensure circuit safety.

This safety feature protects circuits downstream of the PhotoMOS against over-current.

But, if the current-limiting feature is used longer than the specified time, the PhotoMOS can be destroyed. Therefore, set the output loss to the max. rate or less.

Comparison of output voltage and output current characteristics V-I Characteristics



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*Recognized in Japan, the United States, all member states of European Union and other countries.

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