

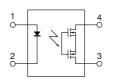
Panasonic ideas for life

DIP4-pin type with current limiting and reinforced insulation

PhotoMOS[®] GU 1 Form A Current Limiting (AQY210HL)

4.78 .188 .252 .3.2 .126 4.78 4.78 6.4

mm inch



RoHS compliant

FEATURES

1. Current Limiting Function

To control an over current from flowing, the current limit function has been realized. It keeps an output current at a constant value when the current reaches a specified current limit value.

2. Enhances the capability of surge resistance between output terminals

The current limit function controls the ON time surge current to enhance the capability of surge resistance between output terminals.

3. Reinforced insulation of 5,000 VMore than 0.4 mm internal insulation distance between inputs and outputs.
Con-forms to EN41003, EN60950 (reinforced insulation).

4. Controls low-level analog signals

PhotoMOS feature extremely low closed-circuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.

- 5. High sensitivity and low onresistance
- 6. Low-level off state leakage current

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Telephone equipment
- Modem

TYPES

	I/O isolation voltage	Output rating*			Part No.				Packing quantity	
				Doelsono	Through hole terminal Surface-mount terminal					
					Tube packing style		Tape and reel packing style			
							Picked from the 1/2-pin side	Picked from the 3/4-pin side	Tube	Tape and reel
AC/DC dual use	Reinforced 5,000 V	350 V	120 mA	DIP4-pin	AQY210HL	AQY210HLA	AQY210HLAX	AQY210HLAZ	1 tube contains: 100 pcs. 1 batch contains: 1,000 pcs.	1,000 pcs.

^{*}Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, only "210HL" is marked on the product. The three initial letters of the part number "AQY", the surface mount terminal shape indicator "A" and the packing style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the device.

RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

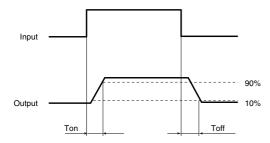
	Item	Symbol	AQY210HL(A)	Remarks
	LED forward current	lF	50 mA	
Input	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V	
	Peak forward current	IFP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW	
	Load voltage (peak AC)	VL	350 V	
Output	Continuous load current	IL.	0.12 A	Peak AC, DC
	Power dissipation	Pout	500 mW	
Total power dissipation		dissipation P _T 550 mV		
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	5,000 V AC	
Tempera	ture Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
limits	Storage	T _{stg}	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F	

GU 1 Form A Current Limiting (AQY210HL)

2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

	Item		Symbol	AQY210HL(A)	Condition	
Input	LED anarata aureant	Typical	IFon	1.2 mA	I∟ = Max.	
	LED operate current	Maximum		3.0 mA		
	LED turn off current	Minimum	Foff	0.4 mA	IL = Max.	
	LED turn on current	Typical		1.1 mA	IL = IVIAX.	
	LED dropout voltage	Minimum	VF	1.25 (1.14 V at I _F = 5 mA)	L 50 m A	
	LED dropout voltage	Typical	VF	1.5 V	I _F = 50 mA	
	On vasistanas	Typical	_	20Ω	I _F = 5 mA	
	On resistance	Maximum	Ron	25Ω	I∟= Max. Within 1 s on time	
Output	Off state leakage current	Maximum	Leak	1μΑ	I _F = 0 mA V _L = Max.	
	Current limit	Typical	_	0.18 A	I _F = 5 mA	
	Town on time of	Typical	Ton	0.5 ms	I _F = 5 mA	
	Turn on time*	Maximum	Ion	2.0 ms	I∟= Max.	
_	T# #:+	Typical	_	0.08 ms	I _F = 5 mA	
Transfer characteristics	Turn off time*	Maximum	Toff	1.0 ms	I∟= Max.	
	I/O consoitance	Typical	_	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz	
	I/O capacitance	Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF	V _B = 0 V	
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 ΜΩ	500 V DC	

^{*}Turn on/Turn off time



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit	
Input LED current	lF	5 to 10	mA	

- **■** For Dimensions.
- **■** For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams.
- **■** For Cautions for Use.
- These products are not designed for automotive use.

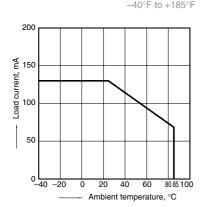
If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

For more information.

REFERENCE DATA

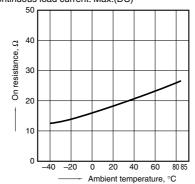
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: –40°C to +85°C



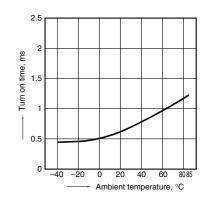
2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC) Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

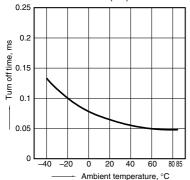
LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



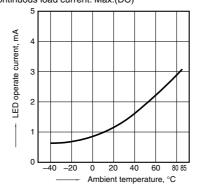
GU 1 Form A Current Limiting (AQY210HL)

4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

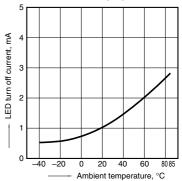


5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

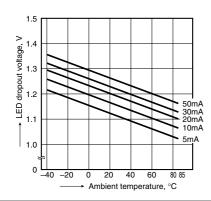


6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

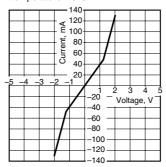


7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA



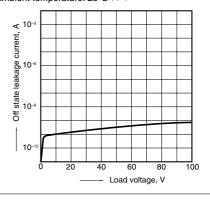
8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



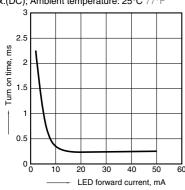
9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



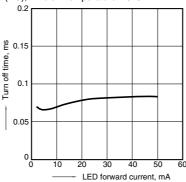
10. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



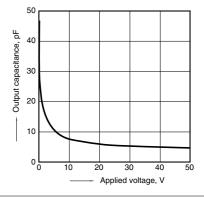
11. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25° C 77° F



What is current limit

When a load current reaches the specified output control current, a current limit function works against the load current to keep the current a constant value.

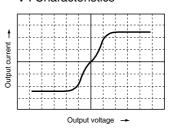
The current limit circuit built into the PhotoMOS thus controls the instantaneous load current to effectively ensure circuit safety.

This safety feature protects circuits downstream of the PhotoMOS against over-current.

But, if the current-limiting feature is used longer than the specified time, the PhotoMOS can be destroyed. Therefore, set the output loss to the max. rate or less.

Comparison of output voltage and output current characteristics

V-I Characteristics



Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Panasonic:

AQY210HLAX AQY210HLAZ